## Liste over databaser

**Obligatoriske informationskilder for nationale kliniske retningslinjer**

**G-I-N International** (kun SST adgang)

<http://www.g-i-n.net/>

The Guidelines International network, G-I-N, is a global network, founded in 2002. It has grown to comprise 88 organizations and 110 individual members representing 48 countries from all continents (October 2012). The network supports evidence-based health care and improved health outcomes by reducing inappropriate variation throughout the world. G-I-N mission…... to lead, strengthen and support collaboration and work within the guideline development, adaptation and implementation community.

**NICE (UK)**

<http://www.nice.org.uk/>

The National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence (NICE) was set up in 1999 to reduce variation in the availability and quality of NHS treatments and care - the so called ‘postcode lottery'.

NICE is here to help those working in the NHS, local authorities and the wider community deliver high-quality healthcare. Developing evidence-based guidelines on the most effective ways to diagnose, treat and prevent disease and ill health. Patient-friendly versions of our guidelines can help educate and empower patients, carers and the public to take an active role in managing their conditions.

**National Guideline Clearinghouse (USA)**

<http://guideline.gov/>

NGC is an initiative of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. NGC was originally created by AHRQ in partnership with the American Medical Association and the American Association of Health Plans (now America's Health Insurance Plans [AHIP]).

The NGC mission is to provide physicians and other health professionals, health care providers, health plans, integrated delivery systems, purchasers, and others an accessible mechanism for obtaining objective, detailed information on clinical practice guidelines and to further their dissemination, implementation, and use.

**Scottish Intercollegiate Guidelines Network (SIGN)**

[www.sign.ac.uk](http://www.sign.ac.uk)

The Scottish Intercollegiate Guidelines Network (SIGN) develops evidence based clinical practice guidelines for the National Health Service (NHS) in Scotland. SIGN guidelines are derived from a systematic review of the scientific literature and are designed as a vehicle for accelerating the translation of new knowledge into action to meet our aim of reducing variations in practice, and improving patient-important outcomes.

**HTA Database**

<http://www.crd.york.ac.uk/CRDWeb/>

The focus of the HTA database is on completed and ongoing health technology assessments from around the world. The HTA database is a valuable source for identifying grey literature as much of the information it contains is generally only available directly from individual funding agencies. Database content is supplied by the 52 members of the International Network of Agencies for Health Technology Assessment (INAHTA) and 20 other HTA organisations around the world. Details of other on-going systematic reviews are also registered on the HTA database.

**The Cochrane**

<http://www.cochrane.dk/>

The Cochrane Collaboration is an international network of more than 28,000 dedicated people from over 100 countries. We work together to help healthcare providers, policy-makers, patients, their advocates and carers, make well-informed decisions about health care, by preparing, updating, and promoting the accessibility of Cochrane Reviews.

**SBU, Sverige**

<http://www.sbu.se/sv/>

The Swedish Council on Health Technology Assessment is known internationally by its Swedish acronym, SBU. For more than fifteen years, SBU has stayed on the leading edge of health technology assessment (HTA).

**Socialstyrelsen, Sverige**

[www.socialstyrelsen.se](http://www.socialstyrelsen.se)

Socialstyrelsen är en statligmyndighet under Socialdepartementet och har en mycket bred verksamhet som rörsocialtjänst, hälso- ochsjukvård, hälsoskydd, smittskyddoch epidemiologi.

**Kunnskapscenteret, Norge**

<http://www.kunnskapssenteret.no/>

Kunnskapssenteret ble opprettet i 2004 som en sammenslåing av tre fagmiljøer – Senter for medisinsk metodevurdering (SMM), Stiftelse for helsetjenesteforskning (HELTEF) og Divisjon for kunnskapshåndtering i Sosial- og helsedirektoratet.Bakgrunnen var et behov for å styrke kunnskapsgrunnlaget for faglige beslutninger i helsetjenesten og forvaltningen for i større grad å nå helsepolitiske mål.Kunnskapssenteret er formelt et forvaltningsorgan under Helsedirektoratet, utenmyndighetsfunksjoner.

**Helsedirektoratet, Norge**

<http://www.helsedirektoratet.no/>

Helsedirektoratet er et fagdirektorat og myndigheitsorgan som ligg under og blir etatsstyrt av Helse- og omsorgsdepartementet. Helsedirektoratet har også oppgåverfrå Kommunal- og regionaldepartementet.

**Kommercielle databaser:**

**Medline**

MEDLINE is the U.S. National Library of Medicine's® (NLM) premier bibliographic database.

MEDLINE is the primary component of PubMed®, part of the Entrez series of databases provided by the NLM National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI). Coverage: generally 1946 to the present, with some older material.

**Embase**

Embase is a biomedical and pharmacological database containing bibliographic records with citations, abstracts and indexing derived from biomedical articles in peer reviewed journals, and is especially strong in its coverage of drug and pharmaceutical research.Coverage 1974-present. Embase is produced by Elsevier

**Cinahl**

Databasen CINAHL (Cumulative Index to Nursing and Allied Health Literature) indeholder referencer til artikler i sygeplejefaglige tidsskrifter (700 tidsskrifter) og andre sundhedsfaglige tidsskrifter blandt andet indenfor fagene ergoterapi, fysioterapi, jordemoderkundskab, radiografi, og ernæring.

Udarbejdes af Cinahl Information Systems (EBSCO)

**Psyinfo**

The American Psychological Association's PsycINFO® database is the comprehensive international bibliographic database of psychology. Journal coverage, spanning 1806 to present

**Emnespecifikke kilder:**

Sociological abstract

ERIC

PEDRO

OTSEEKER

O.Lign.